

CELANYL® XS3 GF60 BG 1019/C EF

Semi-aromatic polyamide blend, 60% glass fibre, heat stabilized.

Compound designed for parts with maximum mechanical requirements, typically used to replace metal due to the high stiffness and strength, stable after conditioning. It shows better creep behavior and dimensional stability vs. an equivalent PA66 grade, with lower warpage and excellent surface finish.

Product information

Part Marking Code	>PA*-GF60<	ISO 11469
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Rheological properties

Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.2 - 0.4 %	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.4 - 0.6 %	ISO 294-4, 2577

Typical mechanical properties

	dry/cond.		
Tensile Modulus	22000 / 19000	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	245 / 210	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	2.2 / 2.9	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	75 / -	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	14 / 15	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	13 / 14	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	260 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temp. of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	260 °C	ISO 75-1/-2

Flammability

Burning Behav. at thickness h	HB class	UL 94
Thickness tested	0.4 mm	UL 94
UL recognition	yes	UL 94

Other properties

Density	1750 kg/m ³	ISO 1183
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Additional information

Injection molding	The following conditions apply to a standard injection moulding process of XS compounds. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C, nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mould temperatures: 80-100°C, (80-120°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the moulded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection moulding' or contact our technical support team.
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Processing Texts

Injection molding

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Injection molding Preprocessing

XS compounds, stored in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The suggested moisture content for the process of injection molding is less than 0.15% for grades with low percentage of reinforcement; for grades with high percentage of fiber and to achieve the best surface quality, the moisture content should be lower than 0.10% . Flame retardant grades must be processed with a maximum moisture content of 0,10%.The drying time depends on the initial moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.

Injection molding Postprocessing

Part moulded with XS compounds reach their final performance with a water content of about 1,0% by weight, depending on the grade. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After moulding, in favourable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorb moisture up to 0,3-0,5%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (80-120°C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.
